

HOME OFFICE GUIDELINES

If you use a room in your home exclusively for a place to conduct business, you may be able to deduct that portion of your home as a home office expense on your income tax return. Save utility bills, receipts for mortgage payments, mortgage interest, real estate tax, office equipment and vehicle records if the vehicle is used for business.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOX GUIDELINES

Every household should invest in a safe deposit box to store important documents. Among the most common ways people lose important documents are fire, burglary and natural disasters as well as simply not organizing and keeping papers together in one place. Storing items in a dresser drawer, a closet, or worse yet, not in any particular place, is inviting trouble. Your immediate family should know where your papers are located in the unfortunate circumstance that something would happen to you. Your family should know the name of your attorney and accountant. Write down that information as well as at what banks you have accounts, account numbers, prepaid funeral arrangements, etc., and place it into a sealed envelope inside your safe deposit box. Be sure to let a trusted family member or friend know that you do have a safe deposit box, and where you keep the keys. They will not be able to access your safe deposit box without your permission or without a power of attorney document that you have prepared in advance giving them permission to do so.

Mortgage papers, deeds, wills, trusts, birth, marriage death certificates, advanced directives for medical care, stock certificates, cancelled checks for major purchases, vehicle purchase receipts, passport, copies of investment account statements, court decrees, etc., are examples of documents to include in a safe deposit box.

RECORD RETENTION GUIDELINES - INDIVIDUALS

Accident reports and claims (settled cases)	7 years
Audit reports of accountants	Permanently
Bank statements	7 years
Bank deposit slips	1 year
Bank reconciliations	1 year
Checks (cancelled, but see exception below)	7 years
Checks (cancelled, for important payments, i.e., taxes, purchases of property, special contracts, etc. (checks should be filed with the papers pertaining to the underlying transaction))	Permanently
Contracts and leases (expired)	7 years
Correspondence (legal and important matters only)	Permanently
Deeds, mortgages and bills of sale	Permanently
Insurance policies (expired)	10 years
Insurance records, current accident reports, claims, policies, etc.	Permanently
Investment account statements	Permanently
Property appraisals by outside appraisers	Permanently
Property records, blueprints and plans, deeds, mortgages, remodeling/renovation records	Permanently
Safety deposit box record storage, include documents such as birth, marriage and death certificates, wills, stock certificates, advanced medical directives, deeds, passport (check with your accountant and attorney if you have questions)	Permanently
Sales receipts for major purchases (car, appliances, furniture, etc.) after disposition of the asset	7 years
Savings bond registration records	3 years
Stock and bond certificates (cancelled)	Permanently
Stock and bond certificates (current)	Permanently
Tax returns and worksheets, revenue agents' reports and other documents relating to determination of income tax liability, including W-2s, 1099s, estimated tax payment vouchers, K-1s, charitable gift receipts	Permanently
Utility bill receipts (save permanently with tax returns if you take a deduction for home office)	1 year

RECORD RETENTION GUIDELINES - BUSINESS

Accident reports and claims (settled cases)	7 years	Invoices to customers	7 years
Accounts payable ledgers and schedules	7 years	Invoices from vendors	7 years
Accounts receivable ledgers and schedules, deposit books and slips, credit files, authorization, collection file	7 years	Journals	Permanently
Acquisition documents (after disposition)	7 years	Minute books for directors and stockholders, including by-laws and charters	Permanently
Audit reports of accountants	Permanently	Notes receivable ledgers and schedules	7 years
Bank statements	7 years	Option records (expired)	7 years
Bank reconciliations	1 year	Personnel records; payroll, time reports, benefits, withholding tax records, contracts, insurance, disability and sick benefits, payments to pensioners, etc. (after termination)	7 years
Capital stock and bond records, ledgers, transfer registers, stubs showing issues, record of interest coupons, options, etc.	Permanently	Petty cash vouchers	3 years
Cash books	Permanently	Physical inventory logs	3 years
Charts of accounts	Permanently	Property appraisals by outside appraisers	Permanently
Checks (cancelled, but see exception below)	7 years	Property records - including costs, depreciation reserves, end-of-year trial balances, depreciation schedules, blueprints and plans	Permanently
Checks (cancelled, for important payments, i.e., taxes, purchases of property, special contracts, etc. (checks should be filed with the papers pertaining to the underlying transaction))	Permanently	Purchase orders and purchase requisitions, quotations, acknowledgements (except purchasing department copy)	3 years
Contracts and leases (after expiration)	7 years	Purchase orders (purchasing department copy)	7 years
Corporate charter, by-laws, minute books	Permanently	Receiving sheets	3 years
Correspondence (general)	3 years	Requisitions	3 years
Correspondence (legal and important matters only)	Permanently	Sales records and reports, customer correspondence, customer orders	7 years
Deeds, mortgages and bills of sale	Permanently	Savings bond registration records of employees	3 years
Depreciation schedules	Permanently	Scrap and salvage records (inventories, sales, etc.)	7 years
Deposit slips, duplicate deposit slips	7 years	Shipping reports, bills of lading, receiving reports, inspection reports	3 years
Employment applications (if individual becomes an employee, this becomes part of employee's permanent record)	3 years	Stenographer's notebooks	7 years
Expense analyses and expense distribution schedules	7 years	Stock and bond certificates (cancelled)	Permanently
Expense reports	7 years	Stockroom withdrawal forms	1 year
Financial statements (end-of-year, other months optional)	Permanently	Subsidiary ledgers (including A/P and A/R ledgers)	7 years
General and private ledgers (and end-of-year trial balances)	Permanently	Tax returns and worksheets, revenue agents' reports and other documents relating to determination of income tax liability	Permanently
Insurance policies (after expiration)	10 years	Trade mark registrations and copyrights	Permanently
Insurance records, current accident reports, fire inspection reports, safety reports, etc.	7 years	Voucher register and schedules	7 years
Internal audit reports (in some situations longer retention periods may be desirable)	3 years	Vouchers for payments to vendors, employees, etc. (includes allowance and reimbursement of employees, officers, etc. for travel and entertainment expenses)	7 years
Internal reports (miscellaneous)	3 years		
Inventories of products, materials and supplies	7 years		